MEADE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 46-1

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT, FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

JUNE 30, 2015



RAPID CITY, SOUTH DAKOTA GILLETTE, WYOMING

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CASEY PETERSON & ASSOCIATES, LTD.

CPAS & FINANCIAL ADVISORS

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

To the School Board Meade School District No. 46-1 Meade County, South Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Meade School District No. 46-1, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Meade School District No. 46-1's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 11, 2016.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Meade School District No. 46-1's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Meade School District No. 46-1's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Meade School District No. 46-1's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control described in the accompanying schedule of findings and question costs as item 2015-002 that we consider to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Meade School District No. 46-1's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance which is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2015-001.

Meade School District No. 46-1's Response to Findings

Meade School District No. 46-1's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Meade School District No. 46-1's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Casey Peterson & Associates, LTD

Rapid City, South Dakota January 11, 2016



CASEY PETERSON & ASSOCIATES, LTD.

CPAS & FINANCIAL ADVISORS

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133

Board of Directors Meade School District No. 46-1 Meade County, South Dakota

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Meade School District No. 46-1's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Meade School District No. 46-1's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. Meade School District No. 46-1's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Meade School District No. 46-1's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Meade School District No. 46-1's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Meade School District No. 46-1's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Meade School District No. 46-1 complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Other Matter

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance, which is required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2015-001. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to this matter.

Meade School District No. 46-1's response to the noncompliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Meade School District No. 46-1's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Meade School District No. 46-1 is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Meade School District No. 46-1's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Meade School District No. 46-1's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control over compliance as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2015-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

Meade School District No. 46-1's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Meade School District No. 46-1's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Casey Peterson & Associates, LTD

Rapid City, South Dakota January 11, 2016

Meade School District No. 46-1 Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs June 30, 2015

SUMMARY OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- a. The independent auditor's report expressed unmodified opinions on the financial statements of Meade School District No. 46-1.
- b. The Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards disclosed a material weakness in internal control over financial reporting.
- c. An instance of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the District which would be required to be reported in accordance with *Governmental Auditing Standards* was noted during the audit.
- d. The Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133 for the District expresses an unmodified opinion on all major programs.
- e. A material weakness in internal control related to major federal award programs was reported in the internal Auditor's Report on Compliance With Requirements That could have a Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB A-133.
- f. Audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133 are reported in this schedule.
- g. The federal awards tested as major programs were:

CFDA Numbers	Name of Federal Program
1. 10.555 2. 10.553 3. 10.555 4. 10.559	Child Nutrition Cluster: National School Lunch Program - Non-cash Assistance School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program Summer Food Service Program for Children
5. 84.027 6. 84.173	Special Education Cluster: Special Education - Grants to States Special Education - Preschool Grants
7. 84.010	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies

- h. The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B federal award programs was \$300,000.
- i. Meade School District No. 46-1 did not qualify as a low-risk entity.

Meade School District No. 46-1 Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs June 30, 2015

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION & U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE – PASSED THROUGH THE SOUTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

ALL MAJOR PROGRAMS

Noncompliance and Material Weakness Internal Control Over Compliance

2015-001 *Condition:* The small size of the District limits the ability of the business office to maintain adequate segregation of duties to prepare the financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards being audited and perform some of the year-end accrual entries which would be required under a properly designed system of internal controls. Additionally, the small size of the District causes a lack of segregation of duties within the governmental receipts cycle. This finding was reported in 2014.

Criteria: Establishing internal controls over the preparation of the financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and drafting the financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management. The District should have an internal control system designed to provide for drafting the financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards being audited. In addition, OMB Circular A-133 requires the auditee to prepare appropriate financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards in accordance with Section .310.

Additionally, the Business Manager currently receives some of the cash receipts for posting in the general ledger. Ideally, the Business Manager should not have access to the cash receipts as well as posting to the general ledger.

Cause: This condition exists due to small staff size within the finance function of the District. These issues are common in a district of this size.

Effect. The District engages their auditor to draft the financial statements, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, and the notes to the financial statements. The possibility of fraud or errors occurring and not being detected or corrected is present in regards to the drafting of the financial statements, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, the notes to the financial statements, as well as the lack of segregation of duties in the governmental receipts.

Auditor's Recommendation: It is the responsibility of management and those charged with governance to make the decision whether to accept the degree of risk associated with the District's auditors drafting the financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, because of cost or other considerations. If the District chooses not to accept this risk, training should be provided to those employees responsible for drafting the financial statements.

The Business Manager should not handle cash receipts and also post them to the general ledger. To mitigate the risk associated with the Business Manager's involvement in the cash receipts cycle, the mail log completed by the superintendent's assistant can be used to check against the receipts that were posted in the general ledger by an employee who did not post the receipts into the general ledger.

Meade School District No. 46-1 Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs June 30, 2015

Management's Response: The School Board and Superintendent agree with this finding. The comment is a result of the size of the Meade School District No. 46-1, which precludes staffing at a level sufficient to provide an ideal environment for internal controls. Meade School District No. 46-1 has determined it is not cost beneficial to employ additional personnel just to be able to adequately segregate duties for receipts and the drafting of the financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards. Meade School District No. 46-1 is aware of this problem and is attempting to provide compensating controls wherever and whenever possible and practical. However, this lack of segregation of duties regarding the governmental receipts and the drafting of the financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards continues to exist.

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

Material Weakness Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

2015-002 See Finding 2015-001 for a description of the condition, criteria, cause, effect, auditor's recommendation, and management's response.

Meade School District No. 46-1 Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings June 30, 2015

PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

2014-002 Condition and Criteria: To obtain adequate internal control, the duties of collecting and handling of cash must be segregated from the recording of cash transactions. The duties of preparing, recording of cash transactions. The duties of preparing, mailing or otherwise distributing checks should be segregated from the recording process. Various other accounting functions should be performed by different people to insure a proper segregation of duties.

Auditor's Recommendation: Management should remain aware of this situation and attempt to provide compensating controls wherever and whenever possible and practical.

Current Status: This finding was partially resolved, but is also reported as 2015-002 in the current year.

2013-002 See Finding 2014-002 above for condition, criteria, auditor's recommendation and current status.

2012-002 See Finding 2014-002 above for condition, criteria, auditor's recommendation and current status.

Meade School District No. 46-1 Correct Action Plan (Unaudited) June 30, 2015

Meade School District No. 46-1 respectfully submits the following corrective action plan for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Name and address of the independent public accounting firm:

Casey Peterson & Associates, Ltd. 909 St. Joseph St., Ste 101 Rapid City, SD 57701

The findings from the 2015 schedule of findings and questioned costs are discussed below. The findings are numbered consistently with the numbers assigned in the schedule.

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION & U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE - PASSED THROUGH THE SOUTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

ALL MAJOR PROGRAMS

Noncompliance and Material Weakness Internal Control Over Compliance

2015-001 *Condition:* The small size of the District limits the ability of the business office to maintain adequate segregation of duties to prepare the financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards being audited and perform some of the year-end accrual entries which would be required under a properly designed system of internal controls. Additionally, the small size of the District causes a lack of segregation of duties within the governmental receipts cycle. This finding was reported in 2014.

Criteria: Establishing internal controls over the preparation of the financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and drafting the financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management. The District should have an internal control system designed to provide for drafting the financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards being audited. In addition, OMB Circular A-133 requires the auditee to prepare appropriate financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards in accordance with Section .310.

Additionally, the Business Manager currently receives some of the cash receipts for posting in the general ledger. Ideally, the Business Manager should not have access to the cash receipts as well as posting to the general ledger.

Auditor's Recommendation: It is the responsibility of management and those charged with governance to make the decision whether to accept the degree of risk associated with the District's auditors drafting the financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, because of cost or other considerations. If the District chooses not to accept this risk, training should be provided to those employees responsible for drafting the financial statements.

The Business Manager should not handle cash receipts and also post them to the general ledger. To mitigate the risk associated with the Business Manager's involvement in the cash receipts cycle, the mail log completed by the superintendent's assistant can be used to check against the receipts that were posted in the general ledger by an employee who did not post the receipts into the general ledger.

Meade School District No. 46-1 Correct Action Plan (Unaudited) June 30, 2015

Management's Response: The School Board and Superintendent agree with this finding. The comment is a result of the size of the Meade School District No. 46-1, which precludes staffing at a level sufficient to provide an ideal environment for internal controls. Meade School District No. 46-1 has determined it is not cost beneficial to employ additional personnel just to be able to adequately segregate duties for receipts and the drafting of the financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards. Meade School District No. 46-1 is aware of this problem and is attempting to provide compensating controls wherever and whenever possible and practical. However, this lack of segregation of duties regarding the governmental receipts and the drafting of the financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards continues to exist.

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

Material Weakness Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

2015-002 See Finding 2015-001 for a description of the condition, criteria, auditor's recommendation, and corrective action.

If there are questions regarding this plan, please call Dr. Don Kirkegaard, Superintendent at 605-347-2523.

Sincerely yours,

Dr. Don Kirkegaard Meade School District No. 46-1 Sturgis, South Dakota



CASEY PETERSON & ASSOCIATES, LTD.

CPAS & FINANCIAL ADVISORS

Independent Auditor's Report

School Board Meade School District No. 46-1 Meade County, South Dakota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Meade School District No. 46-1 as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Meade School District No. 46-1, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

Adoption of New Accounting Standard

As described in Note 9 to the financial statements, the District adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Statement No. 71 Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date. As discussed in Note 14 to the financial statements, the District has retroactively restated the previously reported Net Position in accordance with this statement. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information, schedule of funding progress for retiree health insurance coverage, schedule of net pension asset and schedule of pension contributions on pages 69 - 76, 77, 78 and 79 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by the missing management's discussion and analysis.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Meade School District No. 46-1's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Office of Management and Budget circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations* is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements.

Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

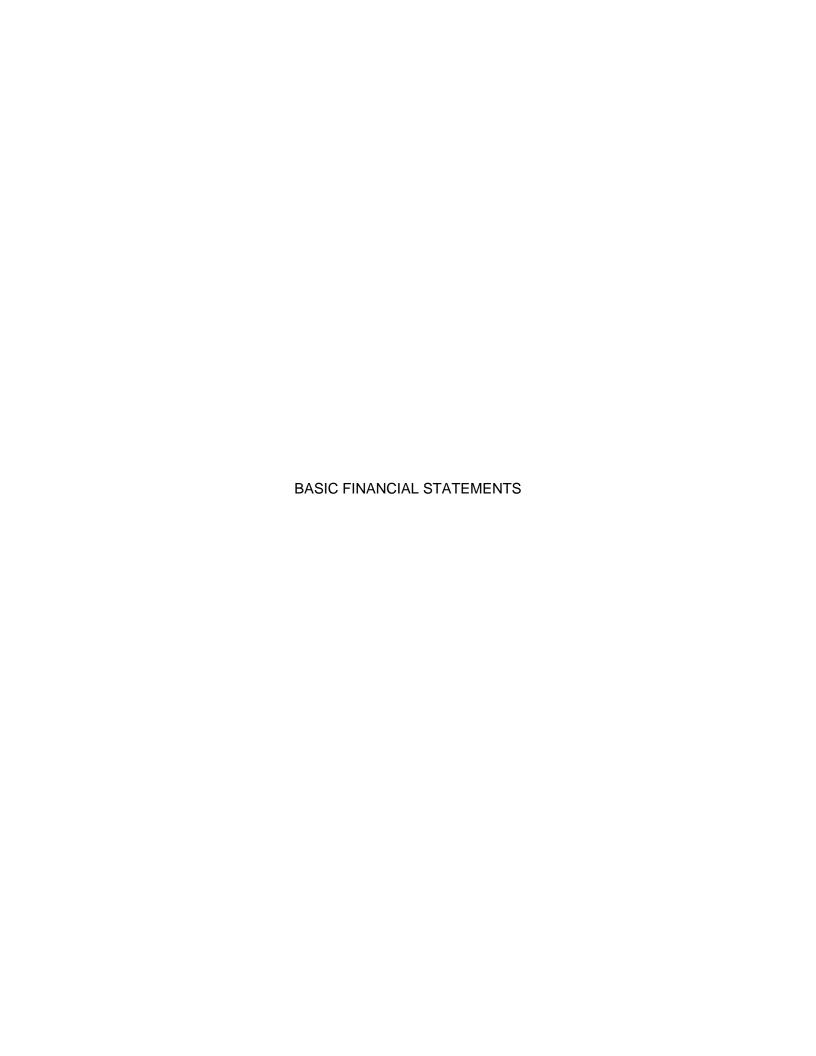
The corrective action plan and list of District Officials has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 11, 2016 on our consideration of Meade School District No. 46-1's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Meade School District No. 46-1's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Casey Peterson & Associates, LTD

Rapid City, South Dakota January 11, 2016



Meade School District No. 46-1 Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 13,756,070	\$ 389,014	\$ 14,145,084
Taxes Receivable - Current	7,271,397	-	7,271,397
Taxes Receivable - Delinquent	144,114	-	144,114
Due from Other Governments	616,436	21,168	637,604
Inventories	38,594 80,000	19,535	58,129 80,000
Prepaid Expenses	21,906,611	429,717	22,336,328
Capital Assets:			
Land	900,195	-	900,195
Buildings	45,361,806	-	45,361,806
Improvements	2,255,299	-	2,255,299
Equipment	1,858,228	781,800	2,640,028
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(16,896,055)	(542,430)	(17,438,485)
Total Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	33,479,473	239,370	33,718,843
Restricted Assets:			
Cash Restricted for Debt Service	1,673,620	-	1,673,620
Net Pension Asset	4,388,319	178,883	4,567,202
Total Restricted Assets	6,061,939	178,883	6,240,822
TOTAL ASSETS	61,448,023	847,970	62,295,993
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension-related Deferred Outflows	3,885,327	158,380	4,043,707
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	56,904	1,071	57,975
Contracts Payable	1,310,444	5,043	1,315,487
Payroll Liabilities	630,923	3,511	634,434
Unearned Revenue	-	18,628	18,628
Accrued Interest	304,044	-	304,044
Long-term Liabilities:			.
Due Within One Year	2,407,709	-	2,407,709
Due in More than One Year	17,732,516		17,732,516
TOTAL LIABILITIES	22,442,540	28,253	22,470,793

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u> </u>	71011711100	
Property Taxes Levied for Future Periods	6,679,504	-	6,679,504
Pension-related Deferred Inflows	5,082,414	207,177	5,289,591
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF			
RESOURCES	11,761,918	207,177	11,969,095
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	15,004,473	239,370	15,243,843
Restricted			
Capital Outlay	4,317,409	-	4,317,409
Special Education	613,094	-	613,094
Pension	548,581	-	548,581
Debt Service	1,673,620	-	1,673,620
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Asset	3,191,232	130,086	3,321,318
Unrestricted	5,780,483	401,464	6,181,947
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 31,128,892	\$ 770,920	\$ 31,899,812

Meade School District No. 46-1 Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Functions/Programs	Expenses	harges for Services
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		
Instruction	\$ 12,462,413	\$ -
Support Services	10,115,671	141,303
Nonprogrammed Charges	337,209	-
Cocurricular Activities	618,698	55,277
Interest on Long-term Debt *	906,749	
Total Governmental Activities	 24,440,740	 196,580
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		
Food Service	1,262,332	630,344
Concessions	 94,878	 113,907
Total Business-type Activities	 1,357,210	 744,251
Total Primary Government	25,797,950	 940,831

^{*} The District does not have interest expense related to the functions presented above. This amount includes indirect interest expense on general long-term debt.

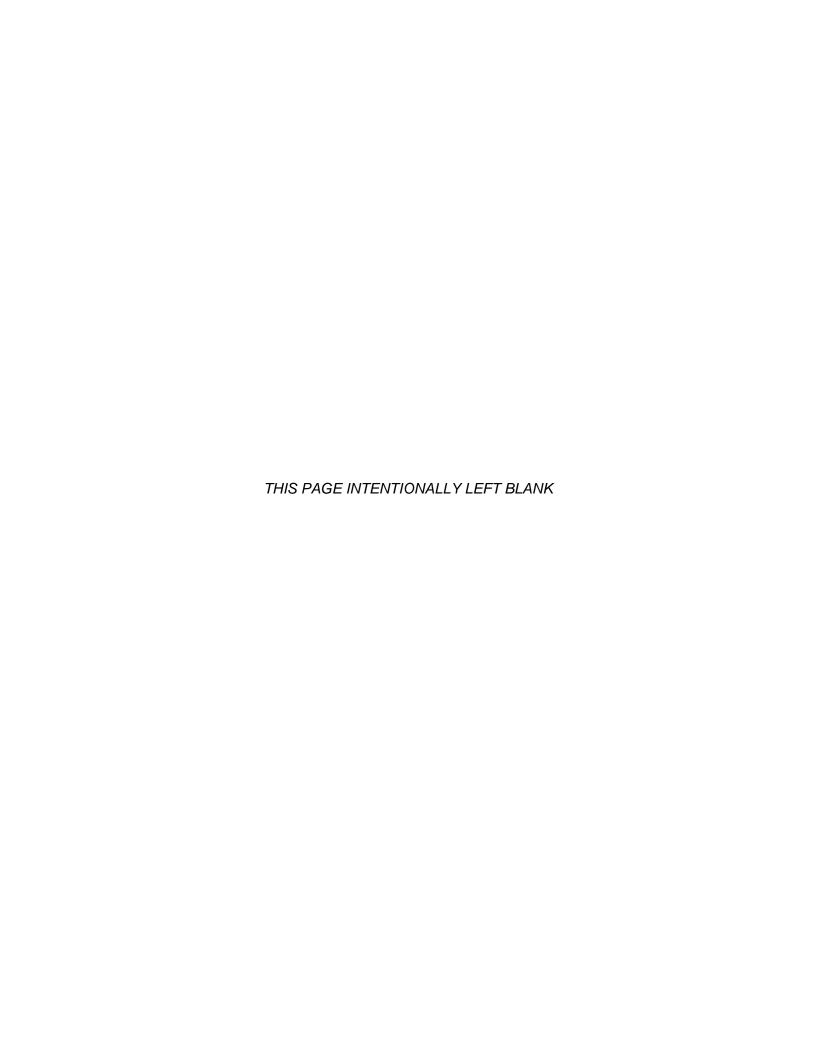
Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Program Revenues				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position					
	Operating		Capital	Primary Government					_
	rants and		nts and	G	Sovernmental	•			_
	ontributions		tributions	_	Activities		ctivities		Total
\$	2,197,952 349,058 - 21,606	\$	- 18,587 - -	\$	(10,264,461) (9,606,723) (337,209) (541,815)	\$	- - -	\$	(10,264,461) (9,606,723) (337,209) (541,815)
-	2,568,616		<u>-</u> 18,587		(906,749) (21,656,957)		<u>-</u>		(906,749) (21,656,957)
	2,300,010		10,007		(21,050,957)		<u>-</u>		(21,000,907)
	690,536 4,482		- -		- -		58,548 23,511		58,548 23,511
	695,018		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		82,059		82,059
	3,263,634	\$	18,587		(21,656,957)		82,059		(21,574,898)
Taxe Pro Gro Reve Sta Oth Reve	operty Taxes oss Receipts Ta enue From State ate Aid	axes e Sources eral Sourc	es		14,521,481 475,529 6,118,488 9,279 167,853 448,365		- - - -		14,521,481 475,529 6,118,488 9,279 167,853 448,365
Othe Com Sale	estricted Investmer General Reve pensation for Lo of Surplus Propest Rebate	nues oss of Ca	· ·		18,885 59,384 767,435 5,703 320,046		252 - - - -		19,137 59,384 767,435 5,703 320,046
Total (General Revenu	ies			22,912,448		252		22,912,700
CHAN	GE IN NET PO	SITION			1,255,491		82,311		1,337,802
	OSITION - BEO		D		27,105,155		598,588		27,703,743
PRIOF	R PERIOD ADJ	USTMEN [®]	Т		2,768,246		90,021		2,858,267
AS R	POSITION - BEG ESTATED			<u> </u>	29,873,401	<u> </u>	688,609	<u> </u>	30,562,010
NEIP	OSITION - END	JING		<u>\$</u>	31,128,892	<u>\$</u>	770,920	<u>\$</u>	31,899,812

Meade School District No. 46-1 Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2015

400==0	General Fund	Capital Outlay Fund
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Taxes Receivable, Current Taxes Receivable, Delinquent Due From Other Governments Inventory of Supplies Prepaid Expenses Restricted Assets: Cash Restricted for Debt Service	\$ 7,673,058 3,663,400 81,256 496,067 38,594	\$ 4,102,149 2,321,238 39,644 - -
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 11,952,375	\$ 6,463,031
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable Contracts Payable Payroll Liabilities Unearned Revenue	\$ 39,332 1,098,235 538,749	\$ 120 - - -
Total Liabilities	1,676,316	120
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Property Taxes Levied for Future Periods Property Taxes Received Outside the	3,347,121	2,143,260
Period of Availability	218,484	139,902
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,565,605	2,283,162
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Inventory Prepaid Expenses Restricted	38,594 -	-
For Capital Outlay For Special Education For Pension For Debt Service	- - -	4,179,749 - - -
Assigned For Unemployment For Next Year's Budget Unassigned	101,435 750,182 5,820,243	- - -
Total Fund Balances	6,710,454	4,179,749
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 11,952,375	\$ 6,463,031

Special Education Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 777,789 1,054,632 19,262 120,369 - 80,000	\$ 1,203,074 232,127 3,952 - - - - 1,673,620	\$ 13,756,070 7,271,397 144,114 616,436 38,594 80,000 1,673,620
\$ 2,052,052	\$ 3,112,773	\$ 23,580,231
\$ 17,452	\$ -	\$ 56,904
211,025 92,019	1,184 155	1,310,444 630,923
320,496	1,339	1,998,271
974,808	214,315	6,679,504
63,631	13,990	436,007
1,038,439	228,305	7,115,511
80,000	-	38,594 80,000
- 613,117 - -	1,209,509 1,673,620	4,179,749 613,117 1,209,509 1,673,620
- - -		101,435 750,182 5,820,243
693,117	2,883,129	14,466,449
\$ 2,052,052	\$ 3,112,773	\$ 23,580,231



Meade School District No. 46-1 Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

· 	
Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 14,466,449
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.	33,479,473
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:	
General Obligation Debt	(18,175,000)
Contract for Deed	(300,000)
Compensated Absences	(345,623)
Early Retirement Benefits	(329,073)
Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) Liability	(990,529)
Accrued interest payable is not recorded in the funds but is accrued for the Statement of Net Position.	(304,044)
Claternonic of Not 1 contain.	(001,011)
Assets that are not available to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the governmental funds. Assets at year end consist of:	
Delinquent Property Taxes Receivable	436,007
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Asset	4,388,319
Pension-related deferred outflows are components of pension asset	
and changes are not reported in the funds.	3,885,327
Pension-related deferred inflows are components of pension asset and changes are not reported in the funds.	(5,082,414)
Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 31,128,892

Meade School District No. 46-1 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

REVENUES Revenue From Local Sources:		General Fund	Ca	pital Outlay Fund
Taxes: Ad Valorem Taxes Prior Year Ad Valorem Gross Receipts Taxes Penalties and Interest on Taxes Earnings on Deposits Cocurricular Activities: Admissions Other Other Revenues from Local Sources	\$	7,160,515 127,349 475,529 36,639 12,430 46,638 8,639	\$	4,517,410 62,836 - 13,224 2,857
Rentals Contributions Medicaid Fees Other Total Revenue From Local Sources		28,778 587 56,614 49,781 8,003,499		18,000 - - 4,614,327
Revenue From Intermediate Sources: County Sources: County Apportionment		448,365		<u>-</u>
Revenue From State Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid Restricted Grants-in-Aid Total Revenue From State Sources		5,865,789 38,454 5,904,243		- - -
Revenue From Federal Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid Received from Federal Government Through State Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid Received from Federal Government Through an		167,853		-
Intermediate Source Restricted Grants-in-Aid received from Federal Government through State Total Revenue From Federal Sources		4,097 1,074,629 1,246,579		- - -
TOTAL REVENUES	1	5,602,686		4,614,327

Special Education Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 2,132,987 32,007 - 6,335 380	\$ 451,325 6,711 - 1,378 3,218	\$ 14,262,237 228,903 475,529 57,576 18,885 46,638 8,639
55,911 9,603 2,237,223	- - - - 462,632	28,778 18,587 112,525 59,384 15,317,681
		448,365
337,667 200 337,867	- - -	6,203,456 38,654 6,242,110
-	-	167,853
-	-	4,097
551,097 551,097	<u> </u>	1,625,726 1,797,676
3,126,187	462,632	23,805,832

Meade School District No. 46-1 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in **Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Continued)** For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

General Capital Outlay Fund Fund **EXPENDITURES** Instructional Services: Regular Programs: Elementary 4,673,870 283,541 Middle School 1,439,187 42,859 High School 2,301,310 292,162 **Special Programs:** Gifted and Talented 47,513 **Programs for Special Education** 2,488 645,649 **Educationally Deprived** 9,107,529 621,050 **Total Instructional Services** Support Services: Pupils: Attendance and Social Work 62,459 429,388 Guidance 575 Health Service 104,213 **Psychological** Speech Student Therapy Instructional Staff: 136,914 Improvement of Instruction 364,028 **Educational Media** 51,236 General Administration: Board of Education 228,474 5,000 **Executive Administration** 236,753 School Administration: Office of Principal 718,396 Other 142,083 2,845 **Business: Fiscal Services** 268,931 3,183 Facilities Acquisition and Construction 2,449,124 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 2,506,154 143,872 **Pupil Transportation** 867,862 Other 83,170 2,847 Special Education: Administration Costs Transportation Costs 6,148,825 2,658,682

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

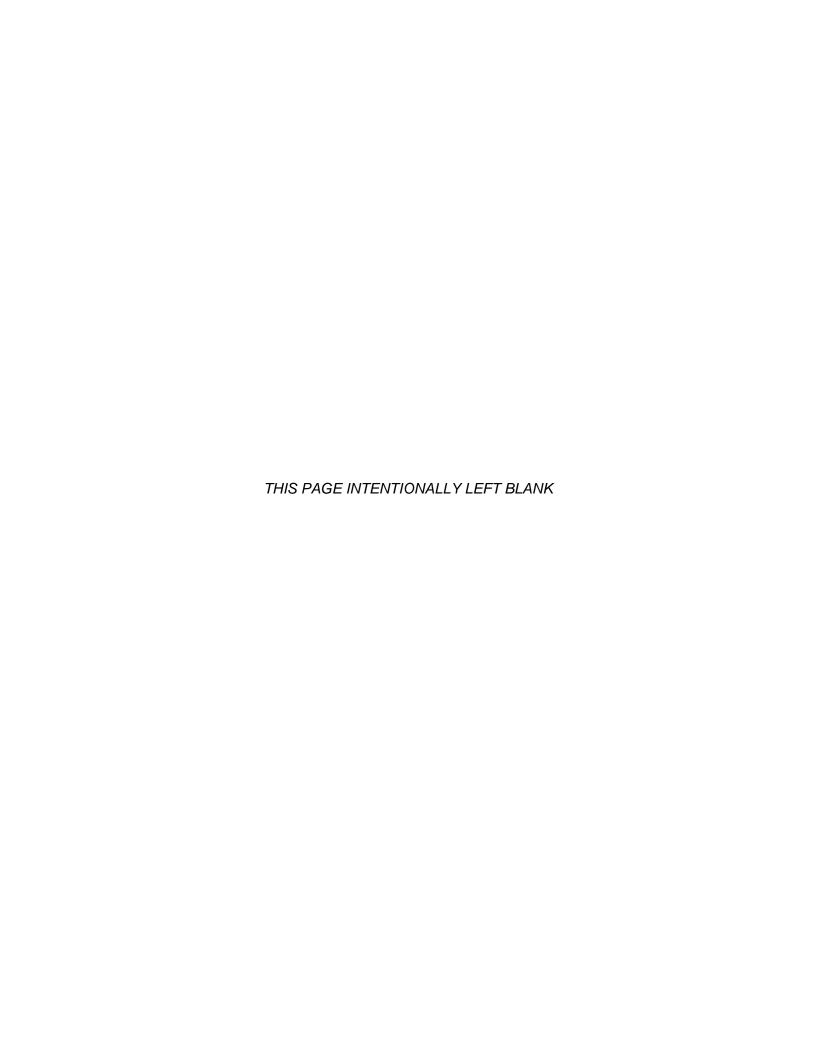
Total Support Services

Special	Nonmajor	Total
Education	Governmental	Governmental
Fund	Funds	Funds
-	-	4,957,411
-	-	1,482,046
-	-	2,593,472
-	-	47,513
2,104,155	-	2,106,643
		645,649
2,104,155		11,832,734
-	-	62,459
-	-	429,963
68,196	-	172,409
82,971	-	82,971
336,894	-	336,894
205,058	-	205,058
44 = 22		
11,793	-	148,707
-	-	415,264
_	_	228,474
_	_	241,753
		241,700
_	_	718,396
-	-	144,928
-	-	272,114
-	-	2,449,124
-	-	2,650,026
-	-	867,862
-	-	86,017
0.4.0.00		646.65
213,032	-	213,032
41,261		41,261
959,205		9,766,712

Meade School District No. 46-1 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	General Fund	Capital Outlay Fund
Nonprogrammed Charges: Payments to State - Unemployment	3	-
Early Retirement Payments		
Total Nonprogrammed Charges	3	
Debt Services		4,479,068
Cocurricular Activities:		
Male Activities	101,750	5,562
Female Activities	61,504	5,562
Transportation	80,750	-
Combined Activities	303,025	
Total Cocurricular Activities	547,029	11,124
Capital Outlay	68,304	297,369
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	15,871,690	8,067,293
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(269,004)	(3,452,966)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		
Transfers In	-	-
Transfers Out	-	(640,009)
Sale of Surplus Property	5,415	-
Compensation for Loss of Capital Assets	5,235	762,200
Interest Credit	-	320,046
Proceeds of Long-term Debt		2,540,000
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	10,650	2,982,237
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(258,354)	(470,729)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING, AS RESTATED	6,968,808	4,650,478
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 6,710,454	\$ 4,179,749

Special Education Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
-	_	3
<u>-</u> _	337,206	337,206
	337,206	337,209
	283,160	4,762,228
-	-	107,312
-	-	67,066
-	-	80,750
<u>-</u>		303,025
<u>-</u>		558,153
		365,673
3,063,360	620,366	27,622,709
62,827	(157,734)	(3,816,877)
-	640,009	640,009
-	-	(640,009)
-	-	5,415
-	-	767,435
-	-	320,046
		2,540,000
	640,009	3,632,896
62,827	482,275	(183,981)
630,290	2,400,854	14,650,430
\$ 693,117	\$ 2,883,129	\$ 14,466,449



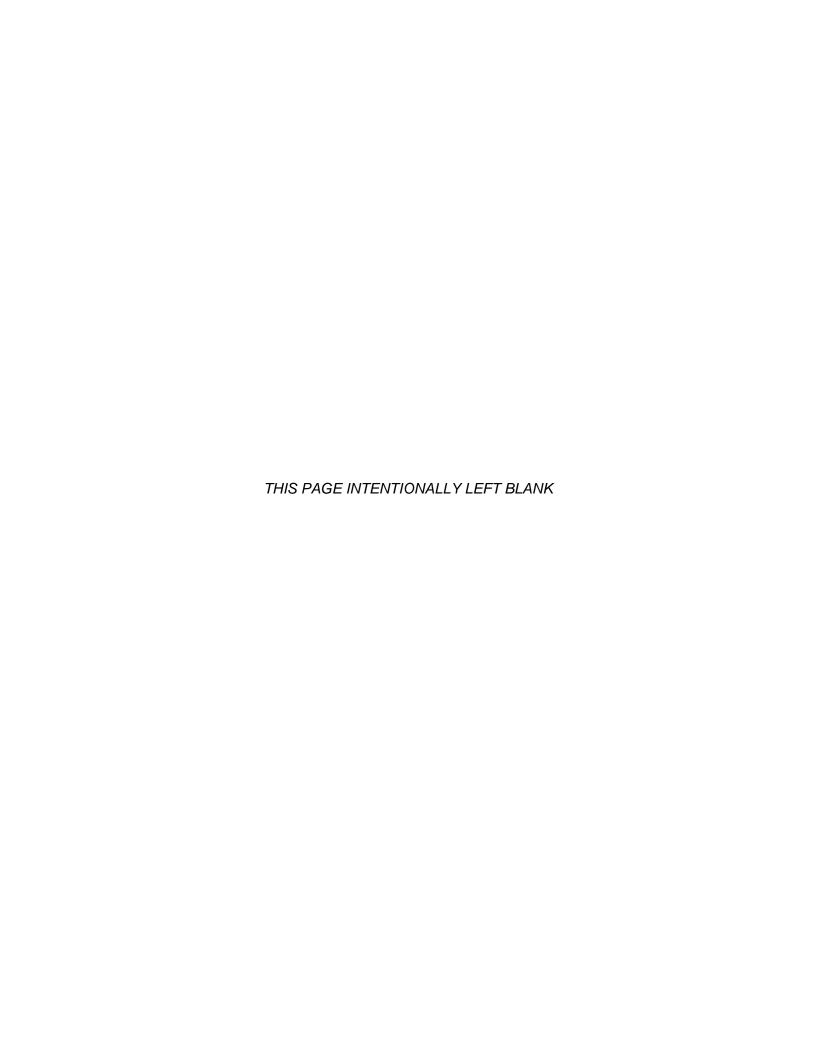
Meade School District No. 46-1 Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (183,981)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.	(647,941)
The recognition of revenues in the governmental funds differ from the recognition in the governmental activities in the fact that revenue accruals in the fund financial statements require the amounts to be "available".	(30,065)
Governmental funds do not reflect the change in the contract for deed, compensated absences, early retirement and other post-employment benefits liabilities, but the Statement of Activities reflects the change in these accruals through expenses.	137,910
Issuance of general obligation debt is a revenue in the governmental funds, but the issuance increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	(2,540,000)
Some expenses such as accrued interest payable are reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(4,521)
Repayment of general obligation debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	3,710,000
Pension expenses in the Statement of Activities that do not require the use of current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	(10,362)
Pension revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	 824,451
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 1,255,491

Meade School District No. 46-1 Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds June 30, 2015

Enterprise Funds Food Service Concession Fund Fund Total **ASSETS Current Assets:** \$ \$ Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ 295,647 93,367 389,014 Accounts Receivable, Net 21,168 21,168 **Due From Other Governments** Inventory of Supplies 5,359 5,359 Inventory of Stores Purchased for Resale 14,176 14,176 Inventory of Donated Food 336,350 93,367 429,717 **Total Current Assets** Noncurrent Assets: 781,800 Machinery and Equipment 781,800 (542,430)(542,430)Less Accumulated Depreciation 239,370 239,370 Total Noncurrent Assets Restricted Asset: Net Pension Asset 163,012 15,871 178,883 **TOTAL ASSETS** 738,732 109,238 847,970 **DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES** 144,328 14,052 158,380 Pension-related Deferred Outflows TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 144,328 14,052 158,380 LIABILITIES **Current Liabilities:** Accounts Payable 1,071 1,071 Contracts Payable 235 4,808 5,043 **Unearned Revenue** 18,628 18,628 Payroll Deductions and 660 **Employer Matching Payable** 2,851 3,511 22,785 5,468 28,253 Total Current Liabilities **TOTAL LIABILITIES** 22,785 5,468 28,253

	Enterprise Funds							
	Foo	Food Service Fund		ncession Fund		Total		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension-related Deferred Inflows		188,796		18,381		207,177		
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		188,796		18,381		207,177		
NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted, Net Pension Asset Unrestricted		239,370 118,544 313,565		- 11,542 87,899		239,370 130,086 401,464		
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	671,479	\$	99,441	\$	770,920		



Meade School District No. 46-1 Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

			Enter	prise Funds	
	Foo	od Service Fund		prise Furius incession Fund	Total
OPERATING REVENUE Sales:		Tana		T UIIU	 Total
Food and Drink Pension Revenue Other	\$	630,344 30,626	\$	48,244 2,982 65,663	\$ 678,588 33,608 65,663
Total Operating Revenue		660,970		116,889	 777,859
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Salaries		416,050		43,545	459,595
Employee Benefits		161,259		12,487	173,746
Purchased Services		40,590		1,876	42,466
Supplies		36,000		36,970	72,970
Cost of Sales - Purchased Food		459,138		-	459,138
Cost of Sales - Donated Food		82,176		-	82,176
Depreciation		67,119		<u>-</u>	 67,119
Total Operating Expenses		1,262,332		94,878	1,357,210
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(601,362)		22,011	 (579,351)
NONOPERATING REVENUE					
Local Sources:		400			
Interest Earned State Sources:		189		63	252
Cash Reimbursements		6,804			6,804
Operating Grants		0,004		1 500	1,500
Federal Sources:		-		1,500	1,500
Cash Reimbursements		570,930			570,930
Donated Food		82,176		_	82,176
Donated Food		02,170			 02,170
Total Nonoperating Revenue		660,099		1,563	 661,662
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		58,737		23,574	82,311
NET POSITION - BEGINNING, AS RESTATED		612,742		75,867	 688,609
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$	671,479	\$	99,441	\$ 770,920

Meade School District No. 46-1 Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Enterprise Funds Food Service Concession Fund Fund Total **CASH FLOWS PROVIDED (USED)** BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts From Customers \$ 625,602 113,907 \$ 739,509 Payments to Suppliers (520,534)(39,016)(559,550)(54,495)(633,171)Payments to Employees (578,676)Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities (473,608)20,396 (453,212)**CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL** FINANCING ACTIVITIES 577,734 1,500 579,234 Operating Subsidies **CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES** Purchase of Equipment (2,498)(2,498)**CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES** 189 63 252 Interest Earnings **NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS** 101,817 21,959 123,776 **CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS** AT BEGINNING OF YEAR 193,830 71,408 265,238 **CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS** 295,647 93,367 \$ AT END OF YEAR 389,014

	Enterprise Funds						
	Fo	od Service		ncession		Total	
DECONOR LATION OF ODER ATING INCOME		Fund	-	Fund		rotai	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME							
(LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED)							
BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Φ.	(004.000)	Φ	00.044	Φ	(570.054)	
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(601,362)	\$	22,011	\$	(579,351)	
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating							
Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided							
(Used) by Operating Activities		07.440				07.440	
Depreciation Expense		67,119		-		67,119	
Cost of Sales - Donated Food		82,176		(0.000)		82,176	
Net Pension Revenue		(31,011)		(3,020)		(34,031)	
Change in Assets and Liabilities:							
(Increase) Decrease in:		(4.000)				(4.000)	
Due from Other Governments		(4,630)		-		(4,630)	
Inventories		16,866		- (470)		16,866	
Accounts Payable		(1,672)		(170)		(1,842)	
Contracts Payable		(1,038)		1,385		347	
Unearned Revenue		(112)		-		(112)	
Payroll Deductions and		50		400		0.40	
Employer Matching Payable		56		190		246	
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY							
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(473,608)	\$	20,396	\$	(453,212)	
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Value of Commodities Received	\$	82,176	\$	_	\$	82,176	

Meade School District No. 46-1 Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2015

	Private- Purpose Agency Trust Funds Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 38,567 \$ 311,797
•	
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>38,567</u> \$ 311,797
LIABILITIES	
Amounts Held for Others	
	•
TOTAL LIABILITIES	
NET POSITION Restricted for Scholarships: Expendable	38,567
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 38,567
	Ψ 00,001

Meade School District No. 46-1 Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Private- Purpose Trust Funds
ADDITIONS Drivete Denetions	Ф 70
Private Donations Interest	\$ 72 38
Total Additions	110
DEDUCTIONS	
Scholarships Awarded	2,190
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(2,080)
NET POSITION - BEGINNING	40,647
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 38,567

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to government entities in the United States of America.

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The reporting entity of Meade School District No. 46-1 (the District) is a public education agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of South Dakota. It is governed by a nine member Board of Trustees (the Board) elected by registered voters of the District. The Board has the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers, and significantly influence operations. It also has accountability for fiscal matters. There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

B. RELATED ORGANIZATIONS

Related organizations are excluded from the financial reporting entity because the District's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making appointments or because management has determined the assets the District has the ability to otherwise access are not significant. Related organizations are described as follows:

Black Hills Special Services Cooperative (Co-op) - A cooperative service unit formed for the purpose of providing special educational services to member school districts. The governing board of the Co-op is comprised of one representative from each member school district, who is a school board member. The Co-op reports independently. See Note 10 entitled "Joint Ventures" for specific disclosures.

C. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the District. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary funds. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the District. Governmental activities are generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources in net position form (assets and deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities and deferred inflows of resources equal net position). Net position is displayed in three components, as applicable: net investment in capital assets, restricted (distinguishing between major categories of restrictions), and unrestricted.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by recipients of goods and services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Major individual governmental and proprietary funds are reported in separate columns.

D. FUND TYPES AND MAJOR FUNDS

An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is a primary operating fund of the District or if it meets the following criteria:

- 1. Total assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- 2. Total assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined, or
- 3. Management has elected to classify one or more governmental or enterprise funds as major for consistency in reporting year to year or because of public interest in the fund's operations.

The funds of the District are described below within their respective fund types:

Governmental Funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is established by South Dakota Codified Laws (SDCL) 13-16-3 to meet all the general operational costs of the District, excluding Capital Outlay Fund and Special Education Fund expenditures. The General Fund is always a major fund.

Special Revenue Fund Types - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The District's special revenue funds are as follows:

Capital Outlay Fund - A fund established by SDCL 13-16-6 to meet expenditures which result in the lease of, acquisitions of or additions to real property, plant or equipment, textbooks and instructional software. This fund is financed by property taxes and is a major fund.

Special Education Fund - A fund established by SDCL 13-37-16 to pay the costs for the special education of all children in need of special assistance and prolonged assistance who reside within the district. This fund is financed primarily by property taxes and state and federal grants. This is a major fund.

Pension Fund - A fund established by SDCL 13-10-6 for the purpose of continuing a fund for the payment of pensions to retired employees for school districts, which have established such systems, paying school district's share of retirement plan contributions, and for funding early retirement benefits to qualifying employees. This fund is financed by a separate property tax levy and is a major fund.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Debt Service Fund Types - Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs. The District has three sinking funds established by SDCL 13-16-13 to account for transfers in from the Capital Outlay Fund to restricted cash accounts. The restricted cash accounts and accumulated interest are used to pay the principal and interest on term loans. None of the debt service funds are major funds.

Proprietary Funds:

Enterprise Fund Types - Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that (a) are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the focus of the governing body is the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis whether financed or recovered through user charges or grants; or (b) where the governing body has decided periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The District's enterprise funds are as follows:

Food Service Fund - A fund used to record financial transactions related to food service operations. This fund is financed by user charges and grants. This is a major fund.

Concession Fund - A fund used to record financial transactions related to the concessions, drivers' education, after-school program, and summer school operations. This fund is financed by user charges. This is a major fund.

Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary funds are never considered to be major funds.

Private-Purpose Trust Fund Types - Private-purpose trust funds are used to account for all other trust arrangements under which principal and income benefits individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The District maintains four separate trusts established by donors to provide for college scholarships to graduating students.

Agency Fund Types - Agency funds are used to account for resources held by the District in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). Since agency funds are custodial in nature they do not involve the measurement of the results of operations. The District maintains a variety of agency funds. These funds are established to account for the monies earned by student organizations for various expenditures. The students of these organizations earn the monies recorded in the agency funds and determine the appropriate expenditures based on the purpose of the student organization.

E. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements, regardless of the measurement focus.

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the "economic resources" measurement focus, applied on the accrual basis of accounting.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Financial Statements:

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting are applied to governmental fund types, while the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting are applied to the proprietary and similar trust funds.

Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Financial Statements:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues and related assets generally are recorded when earned (usually when the right to receive cash vests), and expenses and related liabilities are recorded when an obligation is incurred (usually when the obligation to pay cash in the future vests).

Fund Financial Statements:

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues, including property taxes, generally are recognized when they become measurable and available. "Available" means resources are collected or will be collected soon enough after the end of the fiscal year that they can be used to pay the bills of the current period. The District considers significant revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end.

Expenditures are generally recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on general long-term debt, which is recognized when due.

All proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned, and their expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

F. INTERFUND ELIMINATIONS AND RECLASSIFICATIONS

In the process of aggregating data for the government-wide financial statements the District has charged certain "centralized expenses", including an administrative overhead component, as direct expenses to programs in order to show all expenses that are associated with a service, program or department. This process minimizes the doubling-up effect on internal service fund activity.

G. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The District considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. The District pools its cash resources for depositing purposes. Accordingly, the enterprise fund has access to its cash resources on demand. All reported enterprise fund deposit balances are considered to be cash equivalents for the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows.

H. INVENTORY

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost or market. The cost valuation method is first-in, first-out for enterprise fund inventories and average cost for governmental fund inventories.

Donated commodities are valued at estimated market value based on the USDA price list at the date of receipt.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Inventory in the governmental activities and the governmental funds consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are used. Inventories reported in the fund financial statements are equally offset by a non-spendable fund balance which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of net current assets. The non-spendable fund balance associated with inventory is reduced by the related amounts included in accounts payable, if applicable.

I. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets include land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period.

The accounting treatment of capital assets depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated. Interest costs incurred during construction of general capital assets are not capitalized.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar value above which individual asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts) and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds are as follows:

Capit	alization	Estimated
Thr	<u>eshold</u>	<u>Useful Life</u>
\$	1,000	
	50,000	50 yrs
	20,000	20 yrs
wide)	5,000	5-15 yrs
		50,000 20,000

Depreciation expense is calculated using the straight-line and composite methods. Depreciation of exhaustible fixed assets for machinery and equipment is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities. Land is an inexhaustible capital asset and is not depreciated.

Fund Financial Statements:

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for on the accrual basis, the same as in the government-wide financial statements.

J. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The accounting treatment of long-term liabilities depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-wide Financial Statements:

All long-term liabilities to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. Long-term liabilities consist of compensated absences payable, early retirement benefits, Capital Outlay Certificates payable, Contract for Deed payable, and Qualified Zone Academy Bonds (QZABs).

Compensated Absences Payable - Compensated absences payable is sick leave earned by support staff employees at the rate of 10 per year cumulative to 500 days. Teachers are given 10 days per year of sick leave and accumulate to 75 or 100 days depending on years of service. Upon termination, employees are entitled to receive compensation for their accrued sick leave balance if they meet various age and years of service requirements. They will receive one-half of unused sick leave times the certified substitute teacher rate of pay. For employees normally paid out of the governmental funds these amounts are charged as an expenditure at the time of retirement. For employees normally paid out of the enterprise fund these amounts are recorded as an expense when earned. Compensated absences typically have been liquidated from the General Fund, Special Education Fund, and Food Service Fund.

Fund Financial Statements:

In the fund financial statements, debt proceeds are reported as revenues (other financing sources), while payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures when they become due. The accounting for proprietary fund long-term debt is on the accrual basis, the same as in the government-wide financial statements.

K. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

The District reports increases in net position that relate to future periods as deferred outflows of resources in a separate section of its government-wide and proprietary funds statements of net position. The only deferred outflows of resources reported are deferred amounts arising from the District's pension plan for qualified retirees as discussed in Note 9.

The District's governmental funds report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This section reflects a decrease in net position that applies to a future period or periods. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, governmental fund revenues are not recognized until available (collected no later than 60 days after the end of the District's fiscal year). The District reports the following as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds: property taxes levied but not collected with the available period and grants receivable not collected within the available period. In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary funds statements of net position, the District reports deferred inflows of resources for the property taxes levied for future periods and deferred inflows relating to the District's pension plan for qualified retirees as discussed in Note 9.

L. UNEARNED REVENUE

The food service fund reports meal tickets that have been purchased but not yet redeemed as unearned revenue.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

M. NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCE

Government-wide Financial Statements:

It is the District's policy to use restricted net position prior to the use of unrestricted net position when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net positions are available. Net position on the Statement of Net Position includes the following:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation (if applicable) and reduced by the outstanding balances of capital outlay certificates or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted - Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted - Represents all other net positions that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Fund Financial Statements:

The fund definitions were discussed in Note 1.D. Classification of governmental fund balances are as follows:

Nonspendable - Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - Constraints are placed on the use of resources by either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Assigned - Amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes but are not restricted. Amounts can be assigned by the School Board or management of the District.

Unassigned - Represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted or assigned.

The District uses restricted amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents or contracts that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the District would use assigned prior to unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The District does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy.

N. PROPRIETARY FUND REVENUE AND EXPENSE CLASSIFICATIONS

In the proprietary funds' Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position, revenues and expenses are classified in a manner consistent with how they are classified in the Statement of Cash Flows. That is, transactions for which related cash flows are reported as capital and related financing activities, noncapital financing activities, or investing activities are not reported as components of operating revenues or expenses.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

O. PROGRAM REVENUES

In the Statement of Activities, reported program revenues derive directly from the program itself or from parties other than the District's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole. Program revenues are classified into three categories, as follows:

Charges for Services - These arise from charges to customers, applicants, or others who purchase, use, or directly benefit from the goods, services, or privileges provided, or are otherwise directly affected by the services.

Program Revenues - Operating Grants and Contributions - These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for use in a particular program.

Program Revenues - Capital Grants and Contributions - These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for the acquisition of capital assets for use in a particular program.

P. PENSIONS

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension revenue, information about the fiduciary net position of the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS) and additions to/deletions from SDRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by SDRS, District contributions and net pension asset are recognized on the accrual basis of accounting.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The District follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Statutes impose various restrictions on deposits and investments. These restrictions are summarized below:

Deposits - The District's deposits are made in qualified public depositories as defined by SDCL 4-6A-1, 13-16-15, 13-16-15.1, and 13-16-18.1. Qualified depositories are required by SDCL 4-6A-3 to maintain at all times, segregated from their other assets, eligible collateral having a value equal to at least 100 percent of the public deposit accounts which exceed deposit insurance such as the FDIC and NCUA. In lieu of pledging eligible securities, a qualified public depository may furnish irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by Federal Home Loan Banks accompanied by written evidence of that bank's public debt rating which may not be less than "AA", or a qualified public depository may furnish a corporate surety bond of a corporation authorized to do business in South Dakota.

The District's policy is to report deposits at cost plus interest and credit all income from investments to the fund making the investment, with the exception of the payroll clearing account whose interest income is credited to the General Fund.

Investments - In general, SDCL 4-5-6 permits the District's funds to be invested in (a) securities of the United States and securities guaranteed by the United States Government either directly or indirectly or (b) repurchase agreements fully collateralized by securities described in (a) or in shares of an openend, no-load mutual fund administered by an investment company whose investments are in securities described in (a) and repurchase agreements described in (b). Also, SDCL 4-5-9 requires that investments shall be in the physical custody of the political subdivision or may be deposited in a safekeeping account with any bank or trust company designated by the political subdivision as its fiscal agent.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits - The risk that, in the event of a depository failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2015 the District's deposits in financial institutions were not exposed to credit risk as all deposits were fully collateralized by pledged securities.

Interest Rate Risk - The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk - State law limits eligible investments for the District, as discussed above. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer.

Restricted Cash - \$1,673,620 of cash in the three Sinking Funds is restricted for debt service, as required by the loan covenants.

NOTE 3 - DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Due from other governments in the funds were as follows:

South Dakota Department of Education	\$ 380,800
Meade County	251,736
Black Hills Special Services Cooperative	 5,068
	\$ 637,604

NOTE 4 - INDIVIDUAL FUND INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2015 were as follows:

	Transte	Transfers To:					
	N	lonmajor					
Transfers From:	Govern	Governmental Funds					
Capital Outlay Fund	\$	640,009					

Transfers were made for the following purposes:

• A transfer was made from the Capital Outlay Fund to the various Sinking Funds to make payments to the respective escrow accounts for future debt payments.

NOTE 5 - CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2015 is as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2014		Increase		Decrease		Ju	Balance ne 30, 2015
Governmental Activities:								
Non-depreciable Capital Assets:								
Land	\$	900,195	\$		\$		\$	900,195
Depreciable Capital Assets:								
Buildings		45,204,004		157,802		-		45,361,806
Improvements		2,255,299		-		-		2,255,299
Equipment		1,669,307		207,871		(18,950)		1,858,228
Subtotal		50,028,805		365,673		(18,950)		50,375,528
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Buildings		14,237,013		809,201		-		15,046,214
Improvements		798,810		109,624		-		908,434
Equipment		865,568		94,789		(18,950)		941,407
Subtotal		15,901,391		1,013,614		(18,950)		16,896,055
Net Capital Assets	\$	34,127,414	<u>\$</u>	(647,941)	\$		\$	33,479,473
Business-type Activities:								
Depreciable Capital Assets:	_		_		_			
Equipment	\$	780,329	\$	2,498	\$	(1,027)	\$	781,800
Less Accumulated Depreciation		476,338		67,119		(1,027)		542,430
Net Capital Assets	\$	303,991	\$	(64,621)	\$		\$	239,370
Depreciation expense was charged to	o go	vernmental f	uncti	ons as follo	ws:			
Instruction							\$	608,168
Support Services								344,629
Cocurricular Activities								60,817
Total Depreciation Expense							\$	1,013,614
Depreciation expense was charged to	o the	e business-ty	γpe a	ctivities as f	ollows	3:		
Food Service							\$	67,119

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities:

	Balance June 30, 2014			Increase Decrease		Jι	Balance une 30, 2015	Amounts Due Within 1 Year		
Governmental Activities: General Obligation Debt Capital Outlay Certificates	\$	19,345,000	\$	2,540,000	\$	(3,710,000)	\$	18,175,000	\$	1,761,000
Other Liabilities:										
Contract for Deed		450,000		-		(150,000)		300,000		150,000
Compensated Absences		329,804		195,946		(180,127)		345,623		167,636
Early Retirement Benefits		356,813		235,364		(263,104)		329,073		329,073
OPEB Liability		966,518		24,011		-		990,529		-
Total Other Liabilities		2,103,135	_	455,321		(593,231)		1,965,225		646,709
Total Long-term Liabilities	\$	21,448,135	\$	2,995,321	\$	(4,303,231)	\$	20,140,225	\$	2,407,709

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Capital outlay certificates at June 30, 2015 are comprised of the following individual issues:

2010B Capital Outlay Certificates (Qualified School Construction Bonds). Bearing interest at 5.65% due on a semi-annual basis. Semi-annual payments of \$151,515 are payable to a sinking fund until 6/1/2027, when the principal balance is due. Sinking fund payments and interest payments are made by the Debt Service Fund.

\$ 5,000,000

2014 Capital Outlay Certificates. Bearing interest at fixed rates ranging from 1.45% to 1.55%. Due 1/15/19. Payments are made by the Capital Outlay Fund.

2,540,000

2010 Capital Outlay Certificates (Qualified Zone Academy Bond). The bonds require annual sinking fund payments of \$40,000 until 7/1/2025. Payments are made by the Debt Service Fund.

600,000

2007 Capital Outlay Certificates. Bearing interest ranging from 4.00% at 4.40%. Due 1/15/2028. Payment is made by the Capital Outlay Fund.

6,230,000

2010C Capital Outlay Certificates (Qualified Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds). Bearing interest at fixed rates ranging from 1.50% to 6.00% Due 1/15/2030. Payment is made by the Capital Outlay Fund.

1,030,000

2010A Capital Outlay Certificates (Build America Bonds). Bearing interest at fixed rates ranging from 1.50% to 6.00%. Due 1/15/2030. Payment is made by the Capital Outlay Fund.

2,525,000

2005 Capital Outlay Certificates (Qualified Zone Academy Bonds). These bonds require annual sinking fund payments of \$13,819 until 6/29/21. Payments are made by the Debt Service Fund.

250,000

\$ 18,175,000

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for all long-term debt outstanding as of June 30, 2015, excluding compensated absences, accrued leave payable, and the OPEB liability are as follows:

						Early				
Year Ending	General Ob	ligati	ion Debt	(Contract	R	etirement			
June 30,	 Principal		Interest	f	or Deed	Benefits			Totals	
2016	\$ 1,761,000	\$	771,987	\$	150,000	\$	329,073	\$	3,012,060	
2017	1,302,000		732,351		150,000		-		2,184,351	
2018	1,212,000		697,788		-		-		1,909,788	
2019	620,000		655,909		-		-		1,275,909	
2020	645,000		628,420		-		-		1,273,420	
2021-2025	3,895,000		2,675,866		-		-		6,570,866	
2026-2030	 8,740,000		937,552		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		9,677,552	
	_				_		_		_	
Total Payments	\$ 18,175,000	\$	7,099,873	\$	300,000	\$	329,073	\$	25,903,946	

The contract for deed consists of an installment purchase of land due in annual payments of \$150,000 until maturity on July 15, 2016 at 0% interest. This loan is paid by the Capital Outlay Fund.

Early retirement benefits are available to teachers and administrators that meet certain criteria. Upon retirement, the employee is entitled to receive a payment which is dependent upon several criteria, one of which may include the employee's last contract salary. At June 30, 2015, there were 15 employees entitled to receive early retirement payments. Early retirement benefits are paid in one lump sum payment in the first payroll after July 1. For the year ended June 30, 2015, payments of early retirement benefits were made from the Pension Fund in the amount of \$236,364.

Sinking fund provisions on the 2005 Capital Outlay Certificates - Qualified Zone Academy Bonds require annual deposits of \$13,819 on or June 29 of each year through 2021 when the debt matures. The current balance of the sinking fund is presented as restricted assets of the Debt Service Fund (included in the nonmajor funds) in the governmental funds balance sheet. The total amount included in the sinking fund for the 2005 Capital Outlay Certificates as of June 30, 2015 was \$147,423.

Sinking fund provisions on the 2010B Capital Outlay Certificates - Qualified School Construction Bonds require semi-annual deposits of \$151,515 on or before June 1 and December 1 of each year through June 2027 when the debt matures. The current balance of the sinking fund is presented as restricted assets of the Debt Service Fund (included in the nonmajor funds) in the governmental funds balance sheet. The total amount included in the sinking fund for the 2010B Capital Outlay Certificates as of June 30, 2015 was \$1,364,220.

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Sinking fund provisions on the 2010 Capital Outlay Certificates - Qualified Zone Academy Bonds require annual deposits of \$40,000 on or before July 1 of each year through July 2025 when the debt matures. The current balance of the sinking fund is presented as restricted assets of the Debt Service Fund (included in the nonmajor funds) in the governmental funds balance sheet. The total amount included in the sinking fund for the 2010 Capital Outlay Certificates as of June 30, 2015 was \$161,977.

NOTE 7 - RESTRICTED NET POSITION

The following table shows restricted net position and the purposes for such restrictions as shown on the Statement of Net Position:

Major Purpose	Restricted By	_	Amount
Capital Outlay	State Law	\$	4,317,409
Special Education	State Law		613,094
Pension	State Law		548,581
Debt Service	Debt Covenants		1,673,620
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Asset	State Law		3,321,318
Total Restricted Net Position		\$	10,474,022

NOTE 8 - PROPERTY TAX

Property taxes are levied on or before each October 1, attach as an enforceable lien on property, and become due and payable as of the following January 1, and are payable in two installments on or before the following April 30 and October 31. The county bills and collects the District's taxes and remits them to the District.

District property tax revenues are recognized to the extent that they are used to finance each year's appropriations. Revenue related to current year property taxes receivable which is not intended to be used to finance the current year's appropriations and, therefore, is not susceptible to accrual has been reported as deferred inflows of resources in both the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements. Additionally, in the fund financial statements, revenue from property taxes may be limited by any amount not collected during the current fiscal period or within the "availability period."

The District is permitted by state statute to levy the following amounts of taxes per \$1,000 of taxable valuation of the property in the school district:

General Fund:	
Agricultural Property	1.782
Owner Occupied	4.252
Commercial	9.106
Capital Outlay Fund	3.000
Special Education Fund	1.350
Pension Fund	.300

State statute allows the General Fund tax rates to be increased by special election of the voters.

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN

Plan Information

All employees, working more than 20 hours per week during the school year, participate in the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS), a cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SDRS to provide retirement benefits for employees of the State of South Dakota and its political subdivisions. The SDRS provides retirement, disability, and survivors' benefits. The right to receive retirement benefits vests after three years of credited service. Authority for establishing, administering and amending plan provisions are found in SDCL 3-12. The SDRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained at http://www.sdrs.sd.gov/publications/ or by writing to the SDRS, P.O. Box 1098, Pierre, SD 57501-1098 or by calling (605) 773-3731.

Benefits Provided

SDRS has three different classes of employees, Class A, Class B public safety and Class B judicial. Class A retirement benefits are determined as 1.7 percent prior to 2008 and 1.55 percent thereafter of the employee's final 3-year average compensation times the employee's years of service. Employees with 3 years of service are eligible to retire at age 55. Class B public safety benefits are determined as 2.4 percent for service prior to 2008 and 2.0 percent thereafter of employee final average compensation. Class B judicial benefits are determined as 3.733 percent for service prior to 2008 and 3.333 percent thereafter of employee final average compensation. All Class B employees with 3 years of service are eligible to retire at age 45. Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service. Three years of service is required for nonservice-related disability eligibility. Disability benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately without an actuarial reduction. Death benefits are a percent of the employee's final average salary.

The annual increase in the amount of the SDRS benefits payable on each July 1st is indexed to the consumer price index (CPI) based on SDRS funded status:

- ·If the SDRS market value funded ratio is 100% or more 3.1% COLA
- ·If the SDRS market value funded ratio is 80.0% to 99.9%, index with the CPI
- ·90.0% to 99.9% funded 2.1% minimum and 2.8% maximum COLA
- ·80.0% to 90.0% funded 2.1% minimum and 2.4% maximum COLA
- ·If the SDRS market value funded ratio is less than 80% 2.1% COLA

All benefits except those depending on the Member's Accumulated Contributions are annually increased by the Cost-of-Living Adjustment.

Contributions

Per SDCL 3-12, contribution requirements of the active employees and the participating employers are established and may be amended by the SDRS Board. Covered employees are required by state statute to contribute the following percentages of their salary to the plan; Class A Members, 6.0% of salary; Class B Judicial Members, 9.0% of salary; and Class B Public Safety Members, 8.0% of salary. State statute also requires the employer to contribute an amount equal to the employee's contribution. State statute also requires the employer to make an additional contribution in the amount of 6.2 percent for any compensation exceeding the maximum taxable amount for social security for general employees only. The District's share of contributions to the SDRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$675,926, \$661,835, and \$652,670, respectively, equal to the required contributions each year.

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources to Pensions

At June 30, 2014, SDRS is 107% funded and accordingly has a net pension asset. The proportionate shares of the components of the net pension asset of South Dakota Retirement System, for the District as of June 30, 2014 are as follows:

Proportionate Share of Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits	\$ 67,244,407
Less Proportionate Share of Total Pension Liability	 62,677,205
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ (4,567,202)

At June 30 2015, the District reported an asset of \$4,567,202 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2014 and the total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was based on a projection of the School's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. At June 30, 2014, the District's proportion was 0.634%. Proportionate share information as of June 30, 2013 is not available. The change in proportionate amounts between years is deemed immaterial.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the District recognized pension revenue of \$858,058. At June 30, 2015 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	0	Deferred utflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	386,447	\$ -
Changes in Assumption		2,981,334	-
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		-	5,289,591
District Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		675,926	 <u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$</u>	4,043,707	\$ 5,289,591

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

\$675,926 reported as deferred outflow of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension revenue as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2016	\$ 362,915
2017	362,915
2018	362,915
2019	833,065
2020	-
Thereafter	
Total	\$ 1,921,810

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability (asset) in the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.25 percent
Salary Increases	5.83 percent at entry to 3.87 percent after 30 years of service
Investment Rate of Return	7.25 percent through 2016 and 7.50 percent thereafter, net of
	pension plan investment expense

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table for males and females, as appropriate.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2005 through June 30, 2010. The mortality assumptions were revised based on an extension of the experience study including mortality experience through June 30, 2013.

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Investment portfolio management is the statutory responsibility of the South Dakota Investment Council (SDIC), which may utilize the services of external money managers for management of a portion of the portfolio. SDIC is governed by the Prudent Man Rule (i.e., the council should use the same degree of care as a prudent man). Current SDIC investment policies dictate limits on the percentage of assets invested in various types of vehicles (equities, fixed income securities, real estate, cash, private equity, etc.). The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2014 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table using geometric means:

		Long-term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global Equity	64.0%	4.7%
Fixed Income	26.0%	1.8%
Real Estate	8.0%	5.5%
Cash	2.0%	0.8%
Total	100%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension asset was 7.25% through 2016 and 7.50% thereafter. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that matching employer contributions from will be made at rates equal to the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension asset.

Sensitivity of Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.25% through 2016 and 7.50% thereafter, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.25/6.50%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.25/8.50%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
District's Proportionate Share			
of the Net Pension Asset	\$ 4,513,25	<u>\$ (4,567,202)</u>	\$ (11,973,262)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued SDRS financial report.

NOTE 10 - JOINT VENTURES

Black Hills Special Services Cooperative

The District participates in the Black Hills Special Services Cooperative (the Co-op), a cooperative service unit formed for the purpose of providing special educational services to the member school districts. During the year ended June 30, 2015, the District paid \$693,467 for services provided by the Co-op. Prepaid expenses and accounts payable related to these services were \$80,000 and \$4,690, respectively, at June 30, 2015.

The members of the Co-op and their relative percentage participation in the Co-op are as follows:

Spearfish School District No. 40-2	8.33%
Lead/Deadwood School District No. 40-1	8.33%
Oelrichs School District No. 23-3	8.33%
Meade School District No. 46-1	8.33%
Rapid City School District No. 51-4	8.33%
Belle Fourche School District No. 9-1	8.33%
Custer School District No. 16-1	8.33%
Douglas School District No. 51-1	8.33%
Edgemont School District No. 23-1	8.33%
Haakon School District No. 27-1	8.33%
Hill City School District No. 51-2	8.33%
Hot Springs School District No. 23-2	8.33%

The Co-op's governing board is comprised of one representative from each member school district who is a school board member. The board is responsible for adopting the Co-op's budget and setting service fees at a level adequate to fund the adopted budget.

The District retains no equity in the net position of the Co-op, but does have a responsibility to fund deficits of the Co-op in proportion to the relative participation described above.

Separate financial statements for this joint venture are available from Black Hills Special Services Cooperative.

At June 30, 2015, this joint venture had assets of \$10,322,263, deferred outflows of resources of \$4,554,064, liabilities of \$1,474,480, deferred inflows of resources of \$5,936,085, and net position of \$7,465,762 (audited).

Additionally, the District will provide meals to the Co-op during the school year. Revenues related to these services were \$47,948 and accounts receivable at June 30, 2015 were \$4,931.

NOTE 10 - OPERATING LEASE

The District leases laptops in a 3 year lease requiring 3 annual payments of \$238,546, including interest at 1.09%. The first payment was due July 2, 2014 with payments due on July 2 of each year through July 2, 2016. Expenses related to this lease for the year ended June 30, 2015 were \$238,546. Future lease payments for 2015 and 2016 will be \$238,546 each year.

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the year ended June 30, 2015, the District managed its risks as follows:

Employee Health Insurance

The District obtains this coverage from a private carrier. The District does not carry additional health insurance coverage to pay claims in excess of this upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the coverage during the past three years.

Unemployment Benefits:

The District has elected to be self-insured and retain all risk for liabilities resulting from claims for unemployment benefits.

The District has equity in the General Fund in the amount of \$101,435 for the payment of future unemployment benefits.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, one claim was paid for unemployment benefits. At June 30, 2015, no claims had been filed and were outstanding. It is not anticipated that any additional claims for unemployment benefits will be filed in the next fiscal year.

Liability Insurance

The District joined the Associated School Boards of South Dakota Property Liability Fund (ASBSD-PLF), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance programs for South Dakota School Districts. The objective of the ASBSD-PLF is to administer and provide risk management services and risk sharing facilities to the members and to defend and protect the members against liability, to advise members on loss control guidelines and procedures, and provide them with risk management services, loss control and risk reduction information and to obtain lower costs for that coverage. The District's responsibility is to promptly report to and cooperate with the ASBSD-PLF to resolve any incident which could result in a claim being made by or against the District. The District pays an annual premium, to provide liability coverage detailed below, under a claims-made policy and the premiums are accrued based on the ultimate cost of the experience to date of the ASBSD-PLF member, based on their expose or type of coverage. The District pays an annual premium to the pool to provide coverage for liability coverage for torts, theft of, or damage to property and errors and omissions of public officials. The agreement with the Associated School Boards of South Dakota Property Liability Fund provides that the above coverage's will be provided to a \$6,000,000 limit.

Member premiums are used by the pool for payment of claims and to pay for reinsurance for claims in excess of \$100,000 to the upper limit. The District carries a \$2,000 deductible for the above coverage.

The District does not carry additional insurance to cover claims in excess of the upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Workmen's Compensation

The District participates, with several other educational units and related organizations in South Dakota, in the Associated School Boards of South Dakota Workers' Compensation Fund Pool which provides workers' compensation insurance coverage for participating members of the pool. The objective of the Fund is to formulate, develop and administer, on behalf of the member organizations, a program of worker's compensation coverage, to obtain lower costs for that coverage, and to develop a comprehensive loss control program. The District's responsibility is to initiate and maintain a safety program to give its employees safe and sanitary working conditions and to promptly report to and cooperate with the Fund to resolve any worker's compensation claims. The District pays an annual premium, to provide worker's compensation coverage for its employees, under a retrospectively rated policy and the premiums are accrued based on the ultimate cost of the experience to date of the Fund members. The District is responsible for payment of a premium to the insurance pool along with other pool participants. The District may also be responsible for additional assessments in the event the pool is determined by its board of trustees to have inadequate reserves to satisfy current obligations or judgments. Additional assessments, if any, are determined on a prorated basis based upon each participant's percentage of contribution in relation to the total contributions to the pool of all participants for the year in which the shortfall occurs. The pool provides loss coverage to all participants through pool retained risk retention and through insurance coverage purchased by the pool in excess of the retained risk and through insurance coverage purchased by the pool in excess of the retained risk. For the year ended June 30, 2015, the pool's retained risk was \$500,000 per occurrence with additional insurance purchased from a private insurance company for any additional \$500,000 for total coverage of \$1,000,000 per occurrence.

The District does not carry additional insurance to cover claims in excess of the upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage for the past three years.

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN

Plan Description

The District's Postemployment Health Care Plan is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan which provides medical benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. The Plan is authorized by SDCL 6-1-16 and is administered by the District. The Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

Funding Policy

The contributions of plan members and the District are established by District policy. The required contribution is based on projected "pay-as-you-go" financing requirements, with an additional amount to pre-fund benefits as determined annually by the District. For 2015, the required contribution to the Plan was \$94,051.

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN (CONTINUED)

Annual OPEB Cost

The District's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the financial components of the plan:

ARC	\$ 94,051
Interest on Net OPEB	38,661
Adjustment to ARC	(55,894)
Annual OPEB Cost	76,818
Contribution Made	(52,807)
Change in Net OPEB Obligation	24,011
Net OPEB Obligation - June 30, 2014	966,518
Net OPEB Obligation - June 30, 2015	\$ 990,529

The District's annual OPEB cost data and net OPEB obligation was as follows:

Fiscal		Percentage of		Net
Year	Annual	Annual OPEB		OPEB
Ended	OPEB Cost	Cost Contributed	0	bligation
6/30/2013	133,602	50.84%	\$	886,776
6/30/2014	146,962	45.74%		966,518
6/30/2015	76,818	68.74%		990,529

Funded Status and Funding Progress

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The state prohibits local governments from separately rating active employees and retirees, therefore both groups are charged an equal, blended premium rate for single or family coverage. Although both groups are charged the same rate, GAAP requires the actuarial amounts to be calculated using age adjusted premiums that approximate costs for retirees separately from those for active employees. The use of age adjusted premiums results in the inclusion of an implicit rate subsidy in the actuarial accrued liability.

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN (CONTINUED)

The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The Projected Unit Credit actuarial cost method was used to determine the annual required contribution.

The actuarial value of assets must be determined based on some recognition of the fair market value of assets. Initially, the actuarial value of assets is to be equal to the fair market value of assets. This method will be formally adopted after decisions regarding the OPEB Plan's funding and investment policy are made.

The unfunded accrued liability is being amortized as a level dollar amount on an open basis over a period of 30 years.

The actuarial assumptions included:

- The assumed claims costs were developed using past 24 months of plan experience.
- Health care cost trend rates were 3% per year.
- Investment return was calculated at 4% per year.
- Salary increases were calculated at 4.0% per year.
- Mortality was according to the RP 2014 Mortality Table projected to 2015.
- Retiree Participation rate was assumed to be 40% with spouses participation assumed to be 20%.
- Turnover rates were based on the Scale T-7 of the Actuary's Pension Handbook. Sample rates varying by age:

Age	Rate
20	9.90%
25	9.70%
30	9.30%
35	8.70%
40	7.80%
45	6.40%
50	4.20%
55	1.50%
60	0.10%

 Retirement rates vary by age, as follows and were based on the Scale T-7 of the Actuary's Pension Handbook:

Age	Rate						
55-59	8.0%						
60-61	10.0%						
62	20.0%						
63-64	25.0%						
65 or Over	100.0%						

NOTE 13 - CONCENTRATIONS

The District is dependent upon program revenues and operating revenues from the State of South Dakota for its primary existence.

NOTE 14 - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

During the year ended June 30, 2015, the District implemented GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and GASB Statement No. 71 Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68.

Additionally, the District identified errors in the recording of unearned revenue related to student meals, deferred inflows related to property taxes, prepaid assets, compensated absences, capital assets and accrued interest related to debt. The effects of the correction of these errors and the impact of implementing GASBs 68 and 71 were as follows:

	Governmental	Bus	iness-type ctivities	
	Activities			
Net Position July 1, 2014, As Previously Reported	\$ 27,105,155	\$	598,588	
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Property Taxes	603,194		-	
Unearned Revenue for Student Meal Accounts	-		(18,740)	
Prepaid Asset	80,000		-	
Correction of Accrued Interest Related to Debt	(70,183)		-	
Correction of Compensated Absences	-		12,700	
Correction of Fixed Assets	(201,185)		-	
Restatement for Pension Accounting:				
Net Pension Asset	1,717,330		70,010	
Pension Related Deferred Outflows of Resources	639,090		26,051	
Net Position July 1, 2014, as Restated	\$ 29,873,401	\$	688,609	

Impacts of the funds were as follows:

		General Capital Outlay Fund Fund		Special Education Fund		Non-major Governmental Funds		Food Service Fund		Concessions Fund		
Net Position July 1, 2014, As Previously												
Reported	\$	6,763,096	\$	4,559,657	\$	505,876	\$	2,391,771	\$	531,246	\$	67,342
Deferred Inflows of Resources		205,712		90,821		44,414		9,083		-		-
Related to Property Taxes												
Unearned Revenue for Student Meals		-		-		-		-		(18,740)		-
Correction of Compensated Absences										12,700		
Prepaid Asset		-		-		80,000		-		-		-
Restatement for Pension Accounting:												
Net Pension Asset		-		-		-				63,796		6,214
Pension Related Deferred Outflows												
of Resources	_						_			23,740	_	2,311
Net Position July 1, 2014, as Restated	\$	6,968,808	\$	4,650,478	\$	630,290	\$	2,400,854	\$	612,742	\$	75,867

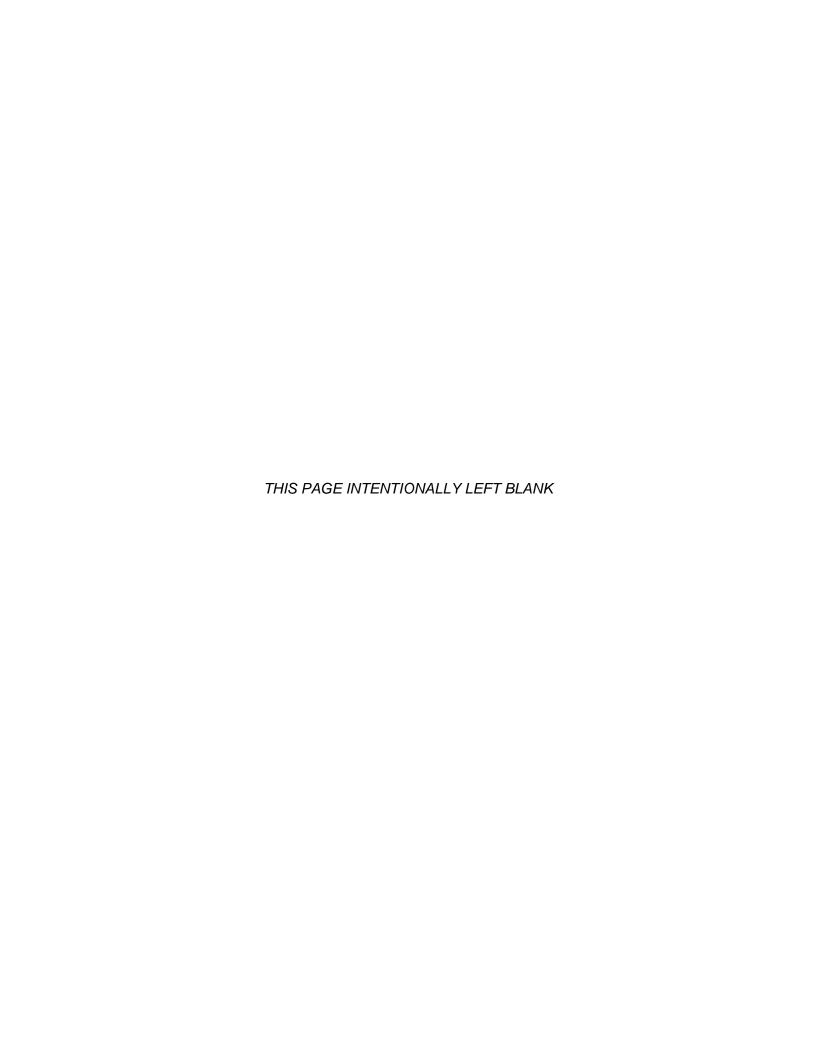
NOTE 15 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In August 2015, the District refunded the 2007 Series Capital Outlay Certificates by issuing the 2015 Series Capital Outlay Certificates for \$5,245,000. The 2015 capital outlay certificates bear interest at fixed rates from 1.15% to 3.00%. Interest payments are due semi-annually in January and July of each year. Annual principal payments are due in July of each year until maturity on July 15, 2017.

The District leased laptops in a three-year operating lease requiring an deposit of \$144,799 and three annual payments of \$144,799, which includes interest at 1.29%. The first payment is due July 1, 2015 with payment due on July 1 of each following year through 2018.

The District has considered subsequent events through the date of the independent auditor's report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.





Meade School District No. 46-1 Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund - Budgetary Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance Positive Negative)
REVENUES					
Revenue From Local Sources:					
Taxes:					
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$	6,915,000	\$ 6,915,000	\$ 7,160,515	\$ 245,515
Prior Year Ad Valorem		151,000	151,000	127,349	(23,651)
Gross Receipts Taxes		500,000	500,000	475,529	(24,471)
Penalties and Interest on Taxes		60,000	60,000	36,639	(23,361)
Tuition:					
Adult Education		6,000	6,000	-	(6,000)
Earnings on Deposits		8,000	8,000	12,430	4,430
Cocurricular Activities:					
Admissions		35,000	35,000	46,638	11,638
Other		15,000	15,000	8,639	(6,361)
Other Revenues from Local Sources					
Rentals		15,000	15,000	28,778	13,778
Contributions		-	-	587	587
Medicaid Fees		100,000	100,000	56,614	(43,386)
Other		28,000	28,000	49,781	21,781
Total Revenue From Local Sources		7,833,000	7,833,000	8,003,499	 170,499
Revenue From Intermediate Sources:					
County Sources:					
County Apportionment	_	495,000	495,000	448,365	(46,635)
Revenue From State Sources:					
Grants-in-Aid:					
Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid		6,017,412	6,017,412	5,865,789	(151,623)
Restricted Grants-in-Aid		14,400	14,400	38,454	 24,054
Total Revenue From State Sources	_	6,031,812	6,031,812	5,904,243	(127,569)
Revenue From Federal Sources: Grants-in-Aid:					
Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid Received from Federal Government Through State Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid Received from		121,716	121,716	167,853	46,137
Federal Government Through an Intermediate Source Restricted Grants-in-Aid received from		10,000	10,000	4,097	(5,903)
Federal Government through State		1,100,597	1,100,597	1,074,629	(25,968)
Total Revenue From Federal Sources		1,232,313	1,232,313	1,246,579	14,266
TOTAL REVENUES		15,592,125	15,592,125	15,602,686	 10,561

See independent auditor's report and notes to required supplementary information.

Meade School District No. 46-1 Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund -Budgetary Basis (Continued)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance Positive (Negative)
EXPENDITURES				<u> </u>
Instructional Services:				
Regular Programs:				
Elementary	4,884,700	4,884,700	4,673,870	210,830
Middle School	1,485,622	1,485,622	1,439,187	46,435
High School	2,488,406	2,488,407	2,301,310	187,097
Special Programs:				
Gifted and Talented	53,148	53,148	47,513	5,635
Educationally Deprived	609,216	609,216	645,649	(36,433)
Total Instructional Services	9,521,092	9,521,093	9,107,529	413,564
Support Services: Pupils:				
Attendance and Social Work	69,089	69,089	62,459	6,630
Guidance	434,986	434,986	429,388	5,598
Health Service	105,458	105,458	104,213	1,245
Instructional Staff:				
Improvement of Instruction	230,317	230,317	205,218	25,099
Educational Media	400,956	400,956	364,028	36,928
General Administration:				
Board of Education	236,679	236,679	228,474	8,205
Executive Administration	240,756	240,756	236,753	4,003
School Administration:				
Office of Principal	712,495	712,495	718,396	(5,901)
Other	169,144	169,144	142,083	27,061
Business:				
Fiscal Services	284,632	284,632	268,931	15,701
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,484,822	2,484,819	2,506,154	(21,335)
Pupil Transportation	923,750	923,750	867,862	55,888
Other	73,332	73,332	83,170	(9,838)
Total Support Services	6,366,416	6,366,413	6,217,129	149,284
Non-programmed Charges:				
Payments to State - Unemployment	10,000	10,000	3	9,997
Cocurricular Activities:				
Male Activities	116,720	116,720	101,750	14,970
Female Activities	69,009	69,009	61,504	7,505
Transportation	84,000	84,000	80,750	3,250
Combined Activities	356,583	356,585	303,025	53,560
Total Cocurricular Activities	626,312	626,314	547,029	79,285
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	16,523,820	16,523,820	15,871,690	652,130

See independent auditor's report and notes to required supplementary information.

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance Positive (Negative)
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(931,695)	(931,695)	(269,004)	(641,569)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Sale of Surplus Property Compensation for Loss of Capital Assets	5,000	5,000 	5,415 5,235	(415) 5,235
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	5,000	5,000	10,650	4,820
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(926,695)	(926,695)	(258,354)	(636,749)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING, AS RESTATED	6,968,808	6,968,808	6,968,808	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 6,042,113	\$ 6,042,113	\$ 6,710,454	\$ (636,749)

Meade School District No. 46-1 Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Capital Outlay Fund - Budgetary Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	Original	<u> </u>	<u>Dasisj</u>	(INEGALIVE)
Revenue From Local Sources:				
Taxes:				
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 4,439,540	\$ 5,960,964	\$ 4,517,410	\$ (1,443,554)
Prior Year Ad Valorem	80,000	80,000	62,836	(17,164)
Penalties and Interest on Taxes	17,000	17,000	13,224	(3,776)
Tuition:	,000	,000	. 0,== .	(0,1.0)
Earnings on Deposits	1,500	1,500	2,857	1,357
Cocurricular Activities:	•	•	,	•
Other Revenues from Local Sources				
Contributions	<u> </u>	<u>-</u> _	18,000	18,000
Total Revenue From Local Sources	4,538,040	6,059,464	4,614,327	(1,445,137)
TOTAL REVENUES	4,538,040	6,059,464	4,614,327	(1,445,137)
EXPENDITURES				
Instructional Services:				
Regular Programs:				
Elementary	328,795	328,795	307,470	21,325
Middle School	44,000	44,000	42,859	1,141
High School	312,880	312,880	292,162	20,718
Special Programs:				
Programs for Special Education			2,488	(2,488)
Total Instructional Services	685,675	685,675	644,979	40,696

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance Positive (Negative)
Support Services:				
Pupils:				
Guidance	450	450	575	(125)
Instructional Staff:				
Educational Media	89,000	89,000	63,097	25,903
General Administration:				
Executive Administration	6,500	6,500	19,285	(12,785)
School Administration:				
Other	3,500	3,500	2,845	655
Business:				
Fiscal Services	5,500	5,500	3,183	2,317
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	695,000	2,952,838	2,606,926	345,912
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	319,000	360,903	214,214	146,689
Other	8,425	8,425	2,847	5,578
Special Education:	0.700	0.700		0.700
Administration Costs	2,700	2,700	<u>-</u>	2,700
Total Support Services	1,130,075	3,429,816	2,912,972	516,844
Debt Services	1,941,753	4,481,753	4,479,068	2,685
Cocurricular Activities:				
Male Activities	7,000	7,000	5,562	1,438
Female Activities	7,000	7,000	5,562	1,438
Combined Activities	25,050	25,050	19,150	5,900
Total Cocurricular Activities	39,050	39,050	30,274	8,776
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	3,796,553	8,636,294	8,067,293	569,001
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER)				
EXPENDITURES	741,487	(2,576,830)	(3,452,966)	(876,136)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Transfers Out	(639,400)	(639,400)	(640,009)	609
Compensation for Loss of Capital Assets	-	778,317	762,200	(16,117)
Interest Credit	333,860	333,860	320,046	(13,814)
Proceeds of Long-term Debt	<u> </u>	2,540,000	2,540,000	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	(305,540)	3,012,777	2,982,237	(29,322)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	435,947	435,947	(470,729)	(905,458)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING,	•	•	,	, ,
AS RESTATED	4,650,478	4,650,478	4,650,478	_
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 5,086,425	\$ 5,086,425	\$ 4,179,749	<u>\$ (905,458)</u>

See independent auditor's report and notes to required supplementary information.

Meade School District No. 46-1 Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Special Education Fund Budgetary Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES					
Revenue From Local Sources:					
Taxes:					
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$	2,077,452	\$ 2,077,452	\$ 2,132,987	\$ 55,535
Prior Year Ad Valorem		38,000	38,000	32,007	(5,993)
Penalties and Interest on Taxes		11,000	11,000	6,335	(4,665)
Earnings on Deposits		500	500	380	(120)
Other Revenues from Local Sources					
Medicaid Fees		45,000	45,000	55,911	10,911
Other				9,603	9,603
Total Revenue From Local Sources	_	2,171,952	2,171,952	2,237,223	65,271
Revenue From State Sources: Grants-in-Aid:					
Restricted Grants-in-Aid		-	-	200	200
Total Revenue From State Sources		-		200	200
Revenue From Federal Sources: Restricted Grants-in-Aid received from					
Federal Government through State		573,684	573,684	551,097	(22,587)
Total Revenue From Federal Sources		573,684	573,684	551,097	(22,587)
TOTAL REVENUES		2,745,636	2,745,636	2,788,520	42,884

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance Positive (Negative)
EXPENDITURES				
Instructional Services:				
Special Programs:				
Programs for Special Education	2,418,076	2,418,077	2,104,155	313,922
Total Instructional Services	2,418,076	2,418,077	2,104,155	313,922
Support Services:				
Pupils:				
Health Service	68,662	68,662	68,196	466
Psychological	75,000	75,000	82,971	(7,971)
Speech	351,360	351,360	336,894	14,466
Student Therapy	117,988	117,988	205,058	(87,070)
Instructional Staff:				
Improvement of Instruction	14,000	14,000	11,793	2,207
Special Education:	242.000	400.000	0.10.000	(2 (2 - 2)
Administration Costs	216,663	188,662	213,032	(24,370)
Transportation Costs	52,000	52,000	41,261	10,739
Total Support Services	895,673	867,672	959,205	(91,533)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	3,313,749	3,285,749	3,063,360	222,389
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER)				
EXPENDITURES	(568,113)	(540,113)	(274,840)	265,273
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(568,113)	(540,113)	(274,840)	265,273
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING, AS RESTATED	630,290	630,290	630,290	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 62,177	\$ 90,177	\$ 355,450	\$ 265,273

Meade School District No. 46-1 Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2015

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The Budgetary Comparison Schedules have been prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The Budgetary Comparison Schedules present capital outlay expenditures within each function while the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds present capital outlay expenditures as a separate function.

NOTE 2 - BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to the first regular board meeting in May of each year, the school board causes to be prepared a proposed budget for the next fiscal year according to the budgetary standards prescribed by the Auditor General.
- 2. The proposed budget is considered by the school board at the first regular meeting held in the month of May of each year.
- 3. The proposed budget is published for public review no later than July 15 of each year.
- 4. Public hearings are held to solicit taxpayer input prior to the approval of the budget.
- 5. Before October 1 of each year, the school board must approve the budget for the ensuing fiscal year for each fund, except Trust and Agency Funds.
- 6. After adoption by the school board, the operating budget is legally binding and actual expenditures of each fund cannot exceed the amounts budgeted, except as indicated in number 8.
- 7. A line item for contingencies may be included in the annual budget. Such a line item may not exceed 5 percent of the total District budget and may be transferred by resolution of the school board to any other budget category, except for capital outlay, that is deemed insufficient during the year.
- 8. If it is determined during the year that sufficient amounts have not been budgeted, state statute allows the adoption of supplemental budgets when monies are available to increase legal spending authority.
- 9. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end unless encumbered by resolution of the school board.
- 10. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and special revenue funds. Generally accepted accounting principles prescribe that budgetary information be presented for the General Fund and major special revenue funds of the District.

Meade School District No. 46-1 Schedule of Funding Progress for Retiree Health Insurance Coverage June 30, 2015

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
6/30/2011	\$ -	\$ 1,285,966	\$ 1,285,966	0.00%	\$ 10,121,719	12.71%
6/30/2013	-	1,218,892	1,218,892	0.00%	9,915,176	12.29%
6/30/2015	-	990,529	990,529	0.00%	11,265,433	8.79%

Meade School District No. 46-1 Schedule of Net Pension Asset As of the Year Ended June 30, 2015

District's Proportion of the Net Pension Asset

District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Asset

\$ 4,567,202

District's Covered-employee Payroll

District's Proportionate Share of the Net Besition Asset

District's Proportionate Share of the Net Position Asset as a
Percentage of its Covered-employee Payroll

40.54%

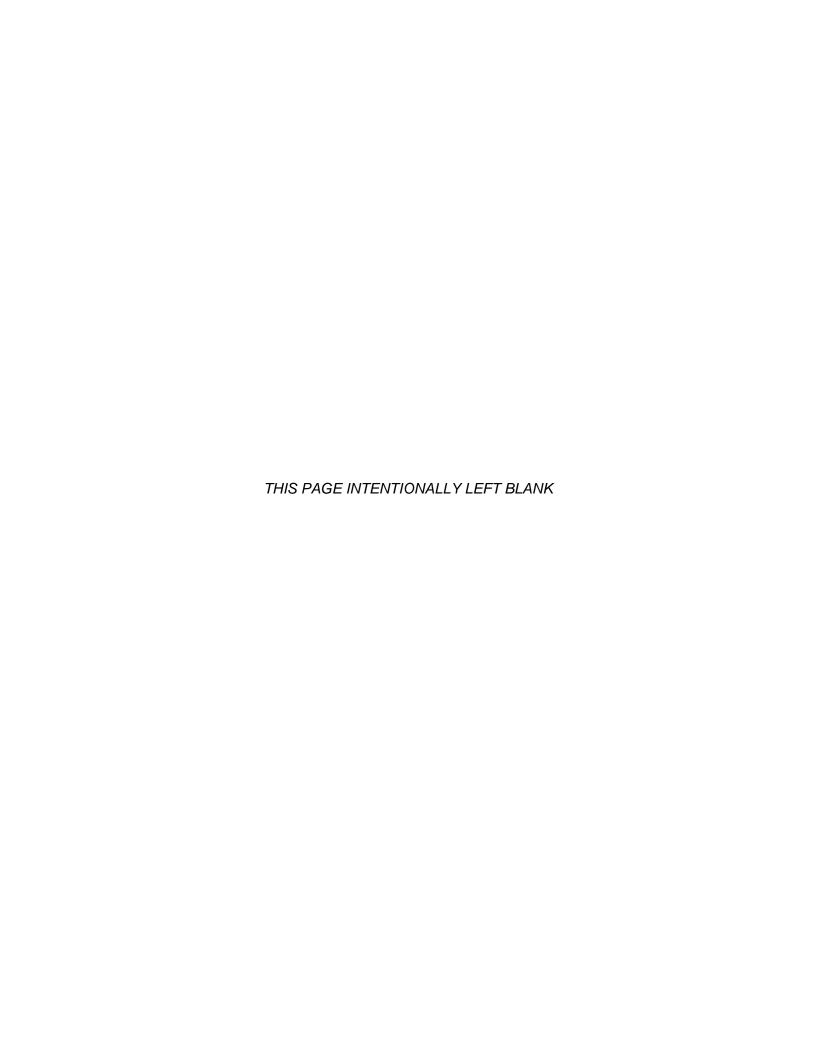
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Asset

107%

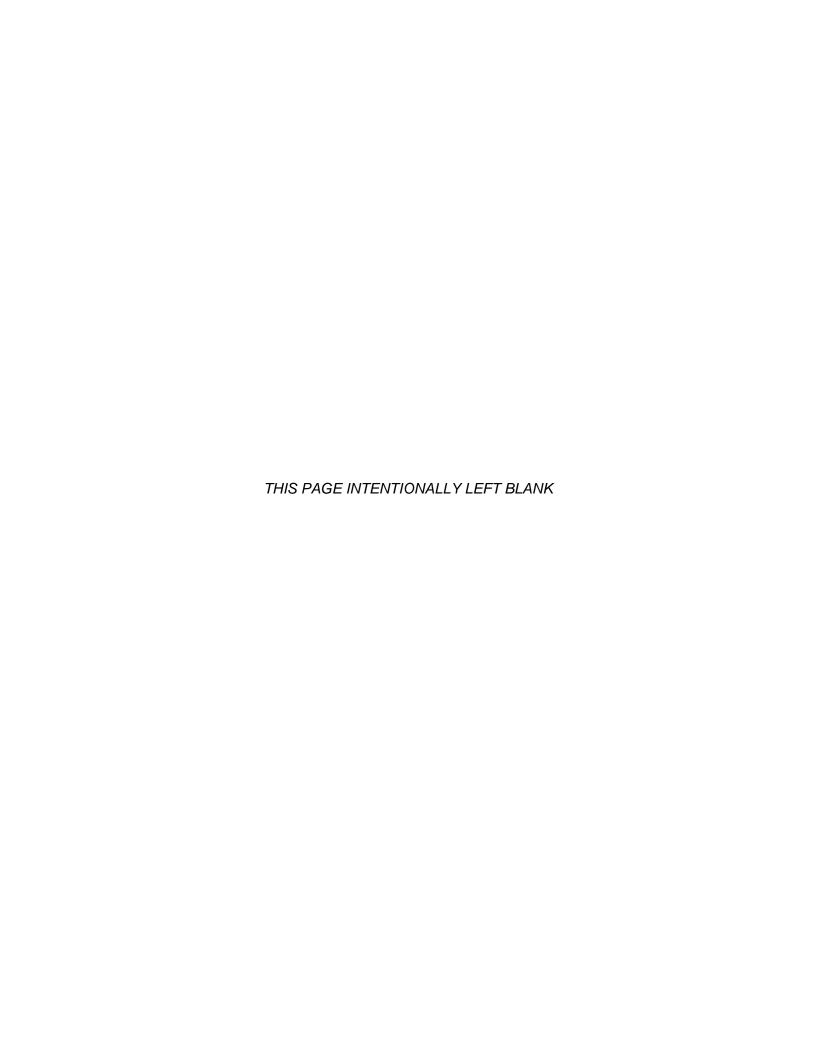
^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of the collective net pension asset which is June 30 of the previous fiscal year.

Meade School District No. 46-1 Schedule of Pension Contributions For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Contractually Required Contribution	\$	675,926
Contribtutions in Relation to the Contractually-required Contribution		675,926
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	
District's Covered-employee Payroll	<u>\$ 1</u>	11,266,308
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-employee Payroll		6.0%







Meade School District No. 46-1 School District Officials June 30, 2015

BOARD MEMBERS

Bob Burns, President
Courtney Mack, Vice President
Dennis Chowen
Shelli Grinager
Chad Legner
Curt Nupen
Bryce Richter
Joseph Urbaniak
Don Williamson

SUPERINTENDENT

Dr. Don Kirkegaard

BUSINESS MANAGER

Brett Burditt

Meade School District No. 46-1 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

CFDA Numbers	Cluster/Program Name	Pass-through Entity, if Applicable	,	Amount
	Child Nutrition Cluster:			
	U.S. Department of Agriculture			
	Non-Cash Assistance (Commodities):			
10 . 555	National School Lunch Program (Note 2)	South Dakota Department of Education	\$	82,176
	Cash Assistance:			
10 . 553	School Breakfast Program (Note 3)	South Dakota Department of Education		96,874
10 . 555	National School Lunch Program (Note 3)	South Dakota Department of Education		450,005
10 . 559	Summer Food Service Program for Children (Note 3)	South Dakota Department of Education		24,051
	Total Child Nutrition Cluster			653,106
	Special Education Cluster:			
	U.S. Department of Education			
84 . 027	Special Education - Grants to States	South Dakota Department of Education		536,309
84 . 173	Special Education - Preschool Grants	South Dakota Department of Education		14,787
	Total Special Education Cluster			551,096
	Other Programs:			
	U.S. Department of Agriculture			
10 . 665	Schools and Roads - Grants to States (Note 2)	Meade County		82,125
10 . 582	Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	South Dakota Department of Education		4,097
	Total Department of Agriculture			86,222
	U.S. Department of the Interior			
15 . 227	Distributions of Receipts to State and Local Governments			167,107
	Total Department of Defense			167,107

See independent auditor's report.

CFDA Numbers	Cluster/Program Name	Pass-through Entity, if Applicable	Amount
	U.S. Department of Education		
84 . 010	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	South Dakota Department of Education	699,301
84 . 048	Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	South Dakota Department of Education	42,677
84 . 181	Special Education - Birth to 3	South Dakota Department of Education	3,157
84 . 367	Improving Teacher Quality State Grants Title IIA	South Dakota Department of Education	235,853
	Total Department of Education		980,988
	Total Federal Financial Assistance		\$ 2,438,519

NOTE 1: The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting unless otherwise noted. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in, the preparation of the general purpose financial statements.

NOTE 2: Federal reimbursements are not based upon specific expenditures. Therefore, the amounts reported here represent cash received rather than federal expenditures.

NOTE 3: These amounts reflect revenues received. Federal reimbursements are based on approved rates for services provided rather than reimbursement for specific expenditures.